

Potential Politics Cash in a Moving the Growth Economic Development in a Shadow Exchange Commercial Regional Level Non Equivalent with Iraq

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Abstract--- That Policies Cash Which Followed Countries Good Regional level Iraq desire Of which in Expansion Commercial Reduction Values Currencies Effect On Activity Economic development Production In a manner Clear So The This search Spins About this is the problem He tries Signal to me Possibilities Which Own it Politics Cash To move Life Economic development in a Iraq in a Shadow This Exchange Commercial Non Equivalent With That Countries He arrived to me Results Of which that Countries Good Regional level Especially Turkey And Iran Continue Reduction Values Their currencies Wan Their trade in a expansion Continuous With Iraq Wan There A struggle Commercially Between them Acquisition On Period Larger in a market Iraq And transgression This Conflict border Confidentiality Commercial to me The statements Public And here Must Of the Bank Central And the Government Iraq From Take Procedures short And medium And long Term To protect Production the local And increase it by providing The environment Occasion for him Pictures From Goods Foreign The competition And steering Life Economic development Iraq Toward Production allowance Import .

Keywords--- Monetary Policy, Currency War, and Regional Trade with Iraq .

I. INTRODUCTION

The establishment of protective walls around the economy makes the productive sectors unable to compete and remain dependent on the support provided by the customs protection. At the same time, open-door trade freedom will bring with it the major problems. The first is the decline of domestic production and the loss of local market shares by the local producers for cheap imported goods. The loss of thousands of workers for the jobs they lived in and trade becomes unequal among trading partners, especially in the rentier economies, so in the light of trade relations between countries is the responsibility of full Economic policies and their makers in creating the appropriate combination of the economy of freedom and protectionism. As the central bank, it is one of the economic decision-makers who have the responsibility to build monetary policy according to the specified objectives using the tools available to it in its implementation , Owns Tools the mission For impact ina Trading In Balance Payments From Through Use Rational Policy price Exchange Foreigner to achieve Gains Commercial

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Favor Country And tost and Face Attacks Commercial Based to me What Known War Currencies And reductions Cascading For currencies Partners or Competitors Commercial , gesticulate Being Today in a the East Middle From Relations Commercial In Shadow The environment Political issues Conflicting Prepare Something Clear From war Currencies And come a study This Subject On level high From Importance Being Discussed Exchanges Commercial And policies Cash between Countries Region . Centered the problem Which Addresses to her This search in a Emotion Uncovered About Tangle And blurry Which damage relations Commercial between Iraq And States Good Regional level Especially Turkey And Iran And extent Interference between Policies Cash to her And their effects On Trading International Iraq . And aims search to me: Shed the light On Trading Interfaces Turkey And Iran towards Iraq . And study Politics Cash for every From Turkey And Iran And touch Direction And their relationship The situation Commercial Which Connect them With Iraq. And study Politics Cash Iraq And directions Toward price Exchange Foreigner towards The dinar. As well as study Archaeology Implications On Status Economic development in a Iraq Act Policies Cash And commercial Countries Good (Turkey) And Iran).

First War Currencies and Policy Price Exchange and Exchange Commercial Countries Good With Iraq

Intervenies Banks Central About Road mechanism reduction Values the currency LTC Sep Feature Competitive against Rivals Based to me that reduction Values the currency Lead to me scale down cost Production For a commodity or service Certain Than Boosts Competitiveness Considering that the cost an item Important Seeking Facilities To reduce it To maximize Profits Than Makes Heads The money Flowing to me inside Economy [1] And reduction Values the currency Complete From Through Techniques several Of which Intervention Direct From Before Banks Central About Road a plus Displayed Cash Bought Papers Finance or Buy Cash The foreigner or reduction Rates Benefit Than Pay Currencies Hot file to me search About Markets Other Than Makes the currency Local They go down or upload Values Currencies Countries Other About Road Buy Origins Denominated In currencies Other, As a purchase China Of assets Denominated In dollars Take it up Dollar About A Liwan Chinese Than make China The d From Two axes First Profit Assets Because Values Dollar Rose The second earn Advantages scale down Values The yuan Until Wan did not They go down [2] .

Witness the world Many From Wars Currencies Can Idir faced According to Sequence Timeline [3]

The first was War Currencies First Public 1921

She manifested When Adopted Germany scale down Values The Mark Pursuit Of which To support Exports To activate Capacity To obtain On Cash The foreigner A girl compensation the war For England And France According Treaty Versailles .

And War Currencies Second

Broke out When She did Britain Reduction Values British Pound in a Public 1967 and Akpha Downs several To the dollar American to me that Done Close Window gold And a ban Conversion Dollar to me He went in a Public 1971, Finished By agreement Louvre To finish squeeze out Woods Woods, Vtolt Governments Pricing Currencies Depending On mechanism Display And demand in a Markets And intervene if He needed Command .

And War Currencies Third

I started in a Public 2007 result Of the depression Generated About the crisis Finance As seem the bank federal American Follow Policy Facilitation Quantification Reduction Rates Benefit Which Approached The zero, To launch minister Finance The Brazilian in a Public 2010 term war Currencies Indicating that Banks Central Slide down to me war Currencies Third As pointed out to me Buy the bank Central The Brazilian quantities big From Dollar American To maintain On price Cashing Riyal The Brazilian. and try Some Countries Benefit From Advantages reduction the currency And their impact On B biting Variables Economic development As Come Including output the local Total As Lead reduction Values Currency Country to me upload Rates the growth Economic as well as Lead reduction Values the currency to me Retreat Ability On the purchase locally High Inflation. And variable Account This as that reduction Values Currency country What Makes Prices Goods e Low For Of the State Other Hidden Dah to her And increased Ed Ability Competitiveness Of the country And increase Exports And less Imports Than Creates Surplus in a Account Ongoing, El A that Policy Reduction K Check Effects On Balance Commercial Must From Availability condition Mar Shaw Liner Which Is represented in a that Be sum Value Absolute For Mortgages the demand On Anus Ardat And display Exports Larger From One , There the odds Non Check Y you in a TermShort At Do Country Reduction Values Currency And elasticities the demand On Imports And display Exports Low The process Reduction lead to to me Protrude IjReverse As Lasts Deterioration Balance Payments Ha , And it gets The opposite in a Term the long As Become Maroons Larger Because capacity Consumers And men Business On Adaptation With the changes in a the prices It is reflected On Improvement Balance Payments [4] .

Unemployment is affected As that scale down Values the currency Increase Production And exports Than Lifts the demand On Employment And low level The unemployment .

II. POLICY PRICES EXCHANGE I HAVE COUNTRIES GOOD (TURKEY) AND IRAN)

Overlapped Circumstances Economic development Which Pass By Some Countries neighborhood Iraq (Turkey) And Iran) with Policies Economic development for every who are they Especially Policy price Exchange As Intertwined directione Which Adopted the authorities Cash in a These two Municipality nbetween What he is Targeted And What he is Starring About Circumstances Economic development Local And effects Foreign Affairs Which Confused In both countries It becomes From Difficult very On researcher And the tracker Policy price Exchange Discrimination between Rate Reduction in a Values Currency WhichFrom The two countries Induced About Circumstances Economic development And environmental issues International And The ratio in a Reduction CausedAbout Goals Seeking to her Authority Cash In them For purpose Encouraging Exports And acquisition On market Iraq But Must From confirmation that There PartGreat From Reduction Targeted that, And sought The two countries For behavior Road war Currencies And investment Power Which Enjoy By The dinar Iraq And strength Importation Non Normal To achieve Returns big Turns out On Their popularity , So The Researchers Sisletan the light Here On trends Prices Exchange For my business Turkey And Iran And touch Dimensions Policy price Exchange In them .

1- Policy Price Exchange And Exchange Commercial Turkish With Iraq

I have Suffered Turkey From Problems Inflation Command Which mirror On Values Currency As It Reached to me numbers big very Opposite Dollar As It was price Exchange Public 2004 (1350000) lira for every Dollars as such in a table (1) which He had to the authorities Cash Turkish For asylum to me Process delete Zeros From Currency Redenomination Public 2005 as Omitted six Zeros Of which And launched on her Noun (The lira) New NewLir a) And became price Exchange The foreigner in a Public 2005 equivalent to (1.3522) pounds New To the dollar Then She returned naming the currency to me Put it down the previous Public 2008as Replaced Name it From (The lira) New) to (Lira) from Without delete Zeros, And from Note The same table We find that Values lira Turkish Ranging between drop Worth (Values) Negative in a Column 2) and their height (Values) Wave pric in a The same Column) until End Public 2013 then Continued Down Until End Duration Studied It was Top Rate drop Public 2008 as Hit (- 35.4%) after that she was (17.8%) in General the previous And continued Policy Reduction Especially distance Public 2010 and up End Duration Than Indicates On that the authorities Cash Turkish Sought to me reduction Values Currency Targeted From that Encouraging Exports As It distance that A. Provided On Process delete Zeros she was may She controlled On Inflation And reduced it to me Attribution Acceptable [5] The Hit Rate Reduction the college between Ami 2005 and 201 8 about (-200%).

We notice From table (2) that Turkey Achieved a plus big in a Attribution Exports Total between These two Two years Hit (114%) increased Exports Iraq in the rate of (335%) What between Ami 2005 and 2013 which is General Which Previously control The gangs Terrorism (Urging) on parts Wide From north Country , But WithThis The Rate growth Exports Turkish may Continued Increasingly Toward Iraq throughout Duration Studied except Years (2014-2016) , Wan Notable From The same table that Attribution growth Exports Toward Iraq She excelled On Attribution growth Exports Total Turkey in a most Years Duration Studied Especially between Ami (2008 and 2013) as D The difference between My Attitude the growth (19.2%) in general 2013 and (17.2%) overall 2012 favor Exports Toward Iraq ,Than He is awake from him that the authorities Turkish she was Targeted expansion Trading Toward Iraq gesticulate Supports This Direction he is The statements Which Made By Top Responsible in a Authority Cash Turkish (The bank Central) as He confirmed On that Turkey Are making Best Her effort in order to Occupying Iraq Ranked First instead of From Germany To accommodate Exports Turkish For purpose Stay away About Europe Which Suffer From Debt , She noted association Exporters in a Turkey to me that drop size Exports From Turkey Iraq came Because Attacks The gangs Terrorism On Areas north Iraq Than make Iraqin a Ranked Third For the destination Exports Turkish , It was Declaration minister Economy in a Turkey Confirms that As clear up that losses Turkey Through Half the last From Public 2014 was Of a large [6] .

2- Policy Price Exchange And Exchange Commercial The Iranian With Iraq

That Reduction Which Solution In riyal The Iranian Larger From lira Turkish It can that Attributable that Section From Reduction Which Subject to Of circumstances Economic development Political issues Which Was exposed to her Iran Larger From Section Target To improve Conditions Commercial And benefitFrom Advantages Inflation And already Wan We noticed From table (1) that lira Turkish she was in a Start Duration Studied 2005 - 2012 is characterized byFluctuating Worth But Here No We find that Volatility in a Riyal The Iranian As it's a

Continuous Down as such Shows that table (3) Wan Attribution Reduction Ranged between Top Rate she was Public 2013 , as Hit (102.1%) and lower Rate in a Public 2007 (-1.2%). It was Rate Reduction between Ami 2005-2018 is (-388%) was mixed Much Factors P Altak Ad Desired With Non Desired in a Make Reduction In currency Iran But As a result The final As much as Attached Command Exports Iran And deposits Which Deposit them Foreigners And others Iraqis in a Banks Iran In her currency Local may I earned Iran Profit Mission As well as About Limit From Imports Non Necessary Heading Towards them . And outlook In-depth Of the table Himself We find that Attribution Reduction For the duration beginning From Public 2012 and up End Larger From Duration Which Precede it and this is Can that Attributable in a Some Its aspects to me The weight Circumstances International And penalties Economic development America Which Exposed to her Iran It can that Attributed Section The other from him to me purpose Encouraging Exports Iran Toward Countries Absorbed to her And from Among them Iraq .

And when throw a look On table (4) The Spirit that Exports Iran Toward Iraq in a status growth Continuous Except Some the years Which Decreased In which Exports It was Top Rate growth in a Public 2005 as Hit (231.7%) came Then The ratio (65.1%) in Public 2009, but The ratio Decreased in a Years next For the year 2014 can be that Returns Reason to me the war With Cheers Which Trimmed size Exports to me Iraq As I got up Areas Which Controlled on her Cheers No Reach it the goods Iran , Notes From The same table that Rate Input Exports Iraq to me Total Exports Iran she Rate Not Few As that Rate this is The ratio For years Studied It was (Approximately 16%) And higher Input she was Public 2009 , as Hit More From five Exports Iran she was directed Toward Iraq , Wan It was The difference between Rate growth Exports Iraq About Rate the growth For exports Total Shows preponderance the second But There Many From the years Through Duration Studied It was The difference Great It shows Excellence growth Exports Toward Iraq as such in a Public 2005 as D The difference (178.7%) and the year 2009 (45.7%) and others, And all this is Directories Digital Suggest to me Orientation Toward Expansion in a Exports Toward Iraq gesticulate Supports Gu of This Direction The statements Official For officials Commercials The Iranians As He confirmed Ambassador Iran In Iraq that Competition Trading Will become More Sharpness in a Iraq With Competitors International organizations Others, He confirmed Consultant Iran Commercial In Iraq that growth exports His country Continuous Though From Obstruction Which Hit Exports Iran Toward Some Provinces North , He confirmed President organization Development Commercial The Iranian Importance market Iraq For exports Iran Which Located Sequence distance exports China Turkey for him [7] .

And when Procedure Comparison between size Exports Turkish And Iranian Iraq as such in a table (5) We find that Exports Turkish More From Iran throughout Duration Studied It was Top Rate (225%) in Public 2005 and below Rate (112) in Public Face book was Rate this is The ratio For the duration 2005 - 2016 are (160%) but (Average Input Exports Toward Iraq For the whole Exports) in Iran It was Top from him in a Turkey As D This Indicator To Iran (16%) in when It was Turkey (5.3%) was Difference between The percentages throughout Duration Studied Favor Iran Which that market Iraq Occupying Importance Larger For Trading Iran Therefore Trying Turkey a plus Rate Input Trade Toward Iraq within Exports Total Turkish From Through a plus Reduction in a Values Currency As well Iran Than Enter them in a Aton war Currencies The No is being market Iraq he is Motivation the only For these confrontation Between them .

III. REFLECTION POLICIES CASH LOCAL AND REGIONAL LEVELS ON STATUS ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT IRAQ

1- Policies Economic Development Local :

Combined efforts the government And the bank Central distance Public 2003 on adoption Ways Which Saturation market Local Iraq From Goods Foreign As that this is market Thirsty For different Goods And services distance that Was exposed to me Years long From Penalties But economic International Lost Reduced the government Taxes The customs to me minimum the border And facilitated Process Import Much, As well the bank Central Which Action Struggling On upload Values The dinar Iraq as such Note that From table (6) After that It was price the official Public 2003 (1762) dinars To the dollar Yesterday (1190) dinars To the dollar Public 2017 ie Rose Values The dinar (32.5%) and price Parallel It was L for two years Themselves he is (1936 ,1258) dinars To the dollar On Respectively Which Rose Values The dinar According to price Parallel (35%). As well Note that sales the bank Center j From the currency Foreign Through Duration 2004-2017 were (491.575) billion Dollars flow (75%) of them To cover Import [8] Which By (368.681) billion Dollars Each this is Measures Facilitated Mission Ministry Trading On adoption Policy openness Commercial Stay away About Politics Protectionism Under Encouraging From organization Trading Global . Which Made Iraq As Foreman in a Public After 2004 that Foot Request e To join to her [9] As well Policy Box Cash And the bank States the yen Which a necklace Iraq With them Agreements she was Pour most of it at the end in a service Process Release Trading And open Door Country On Shutter to her It was in a First Command Until without Regulations the control Quality On Goods Imported To find out Bezel Joe d Tha And its approval Terms Commercial From Or not .

2- Politics Economic Development Regional Commissions Towards Iraq :

That Area the East Middle And North Africa From Areas Hot in a the world Ago beginning Century Present And even Time the present And reflected that On nature relations Economic development Commercial between Countries Luca N. Iraq More this is Countries Tot Ra in a Field Economic development Commercial As it's a exposure to me Wars Multiple As well as About the war Which Led by a The gangs Terrorism (Urging) to the universe Iraq Become Country Fragile And easy Can that You find In which Her question . that Non stability relations Economic development International And need Diamond For goods And services in a market Iraq Encouraged Countries Good Regional level And others Given Iraq On it's a Market Large Can Discharge Goods in it And reception citizenship As Swains They spend Money Great As well as About Welcome B heads Money Fugitive M n Iraq Towards them Researcher About Investment And about The Refuge Security to me side outlet laundry Money Which Take From this is Countries Base for him.

It can that Summarize put Countries Good Other Which I got On Benefits Commercial From put Iraq Lost she was Trading Syrian border On The most powerful in a Years Which Up ahead Display them War Internal And extension Cheers to her As she was Exports Syrian border Toward Iraq ongoing night day As well movement tourism From Iraq Towards them It is Increased From Feature Competitiveness to her he is Decline Continuous For value lira Syrian border . As for Jordan And Saudi Arabia And Kuwait The Relationship Commercial I got On Feature Competitive On Spite of From It did not Reduce Values Currencies As that Height Values The dinar Iraq

Stability Values Currencies Give it this is Feature And make Exports Toward Iraq More Profitability . And away About Countries Good Regional level The China may Expanded Exports Toward Iraq As well Beneficiary From reduction Values The yuan against Dollar The United States in a the war Commercial Almsta Rh Between him what [10] to me side Countries Other Like Egypt And Yemen And States Gulf Other And others .

3. Reflection Policies Economic Development Internal And Foreign Affairs On Status Economic Development in a Iraq

Suffers Economy Iraq From Many From Problems Chronic Which Not From Easy Meet them And finding Solutions Necessary Her , And in an introduction That Problems Disruption structure Production in it As Controlled Sector Extractive On The resulting the local Total Than Add description Rent On Economy Iraq And note that Oil [11] Contributed In a manner Great in a Create The resulting throughout Duration (1990-2017) , As well as About that Returns Oil form Rate High very From Revenues Budgeting Governmental organizations , And to side this is the problem The Economy Suffers From Indebtedness Accumulated Ago Contracts From Time And even Time Present Than Form Restriction Strictly On Development in a Iraq, as well About Problem Corruption Financial institutions And administrative The rampant in a Each Joints Life Economic, And to Non that From Problems Related The building Infrastructure And backward Sectors Economic development And low level Awareness The banker And backward Sector Financial institutions And banking And others From Problems . and on Though From Each this is Problems And obstacles Except that Sectors Productivity she was to her Input in a The resulting the local Total as such Shows that in a table (7) And for purpose Shed the light On Effect Policies Cash And commercial Local And regional (States Neighborhood) on Status Economic development in a Iraq The Will be review Input Sectors Commodity in a The resulting to me side a study The unemployment And their impact PCT Policies .

Input Sector Agricultural Sector And Industrial Output the Local Total Sector Agricultural Sector

She was Top Contributions For the sector Agricultural sector Late 1960s And half the first From Seventies Century the past As It did not Less About quarter The resulting the local Total gesticulate that I started Returns Oil Reach to me body Economy distance Nationalization Until I started Input This Sector Low , And with Start Preparations War With Iran And militarization People Diminished More More often, And continued Poor Until Public 1991 and start force Penalties Economic development International Prevent Export Oil , In Confrontation that I worked The state On Encouraging Agriculture And support Than Increased From Contribution in a The resulting the local It continued Status On this is Image As she was Top Input in a Ami (1991 , 1992) and Less Input Ami(2000, 2001), And with View the change in a Public 2003 did not Less this is Contribution Until Public 2007 and so on Followed by As It collapsed Contribution Agriculture in a The resulting to me Attribution Low very It was The largest (9.2%) in General And below 3.3% General 2017 can that Attributable This The collapse to me Fruits Which Her Countries Good Regional level From Here 's policies Cash And commercial Caused From Export Her goods Agriculture in which No Can the product Iraq From Preparation market Goods Could you Competition Importer of For two reasons First price Cheap For goods Imported Induced About reduction Currencies That Countries And not Existence taxes On the border Iraq Flying From that price The second For high Values The dinar

Than Makes Goods Local Top Price From Imported Than Limit With farms to me leave Spaces Wide From Agriculture And leave it For salts And desertification .

Sector Industrial : I have she was Late 1960s And the 1970s Bearing between And so on Likely For agriculture On Industry Movie Techn Input This Sector During which Exceeded Top Rate (1.5%) in general 1977 to Public 1980 where seem Improvement And appeared Leap in a This Sector As I started Increasing Rate Contribution From (11.1%) in general 1980 to (17.5%) year 1987 can be that Attributable This to me Expansion in a Industries Military And the war to me side Industry Normal But distance Invade Kuwait And restriction Exports Oil Prevent Imports From Materials Initial And intermediate For industry Until Decreased Input Sector Industrial in a The resulting As D Rate Contribution For the duration (1990-2002) (5.6%) after that Was (13.6%) in Duration (1980-1989) as in a table (7) But Decline The big Which Right Sector Industrial It was Beginning From P M 2004 and up End Duration As Hit Top Rate Input (3.2%) in general 2011 and less Rate (2%) overall 2016 at a rate of (2.8%) for a period of (2003-2017) have It was Expected that Increasing Input Sector Industrial in a The resulting distance Public 2003 as Done Removal Limitations About import Materials Initial And intermediate For the sector Industrial It was Expected that Thrives Many From Industries Located despite Limited Inputs Except that Which happened he is that Number Large From The origin of the T Industrial Large And medium And small Closed Doors And I broke up Its workers For weakness Capacity Competitiveness Not Because Bad the quality But Because Problems price Exchange And policies Cash Which I showed Goods Industrial Imported Cheaper From Its counterpart Local On Though From that Lots Of which Less Quality From Goods Local , I have she was outcome Stop (190) Factory A Government About Production she a burden Financial capacity (1 4) trillion Dinar between Ami (2004-2016) is amount Financing With loans From banking Al-Rafidain And rationalization Hi From Ministry Finance As salaries And Aju t And heads funds Operational . As for Take a i p The private Which Includes (35000) factory Average And great As well as About (60000) factory Small The What Works Of which No Exceed Rate (10%) and card productivity Poor [12] .

The Unemployment : that the side The second Which Nasalt the light on him he is Rate The unemployment No doubt that this is Rates High in a Iraq Ago Public 1991 and up Time the present As It Limit (15th%) [13] It was It is possible Accommodating this is Energies Humanity in a Sectors Productivity Especially Sector Agricultural sector And industrial As that a plus The unemployment No Prepare Problem Economic development Just But Prepare Problem Social issues And her Reflections Political The is being to her Return negative On Status Security in a country Like Iraq Suffers From Disorders And not Stability Security The existence of Contacts External to her Interests And motivated in a Fueling Status Security And planting Seeds the band between Categories People Iraq, So it is FuelCategories Young The unemployed About Work , that investment Energies Humanity Operation Prepare One Objectives The President Policies Economic development all Which Failed in a reduction this is The ratio to me Rank Decimal One .

4- Possibilities Politics Cash in a Moving Economy Iraq

Can Signal to me Collection From Points Which Can From During which moving Activity Economic development by the bank Central :

1. That the devaluation of the Iraqi currency is an important point in the process of encouraging production,

especially in the agricultural and industrial sectors and reduce the import of unjustified, as well as the solution of some of the financial problems suffered by the budget, so this step is necessary, but must be gradual and gradual reduction in accordance with the system The exchange rate creeps and settles at a specific target .

2. And the Yale Development: The From mission President of Of the Bank Central As a recipe Commander Of the device The banker The whole And engine Of activity Economic development Process finance Development From Through Grant Loans L Projects Productivity Different And configure Floor Occasion For these the mission It must From Appreciation to me that Loans Granted For the sector The private she was may Reached to me Top Rate to her From The resulting It is (9%) in 2017 as in a table (8).
3. Establishing the banking structure for the development process This step comes through the deployment of banking institutions throughout the country as well On the expansion and dissemination of banking awareness among the public by all means and ways possible and the step to settle salaries is a pioneering step in this field .
4. Encourage and expand the work of the Iraqi market for securities .
5. As a result of suffering its economy from recession during the last five years , including as the table (2) as the rate of data inflation was too low , it is necessary to move the price levels for the purpose of moving economic activity .

That Monetary policy alone No Enough to lead the Iraqi economy and must From Attributing them to policies Other Including policy and financial as Must From put Customs restrictions On Goods imported mainly goods Which Can Production Alternatives locally either she was Industrial or Agricultural as well About Goods Other Especially entertainment and luxury With Take into consideration Goods Necessary Which No There are to her Local alternatives , It must From setting Ports and others From Border areas for control On Non Entry Goods in a manner legal or Non Legal , as well as Must From the control On Outbound and outbound financial flows .

As well as trade policy, it is necessary to use the protection policy as we have said and stop the policy of the open door and accession to the World Trade Organization must be in the interest of the Iraqi economy and not to sabotage it .

This must also be of interest to staff in the facilities of the private sector h j w pension guarantees and improved wages and working conditions and not to allow the employment of children and exploited to allow an opportunity for unemployed youth , the n for work and prevent the recruitment of foreign labor and by that is activated the desired operating policy suited to national development .

IV. CONCLUSIONS

Can Signal to me Collection From Points Which Can From During which moving Activity Economic development by the bank Central :

1. That the devaluation of the Iraqi currency is an important point in the process of encouraging production, especially in the agricultural and industrial sectors and reduce the import of unjustified, as well as the solution of some of the financial problems suffered by the budget, so this step is necessary, but must be

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Table 1: The Foreign Exchange Rate Against the Turkish Lira and The Reduction Rate for The Period 2005-2018

the year	Exchange Rate (Lira / Dollar) (1)	Reduction ratio % (2)	the year	Exchange Rate (Lira / Dollar) (1)	Reduction ratio % (2)
2004	1350000		2012	1.7877	4.3
2005	1.3522 new lira		2013	2.0615	15.3
2006	1.4333 new lira	6	2014	2.2918	11.2
2007	1.1786 new lira	17.8	2015	2.9225	27.5
2008	1.5955 new lira	-35.4	2016	3.4952	19.6
2009	1.5067	5.6	2017	3.8546	-10.3
2010	1.5204	-1	2018	4.0583	5.3
2011	1.8678	-22.8			

References: Central Bank of Turkey www.tcmb.gov.tr , www.turkstat.gov.tr Statistics of Turkey.

Column (2) of the work of researchers **reduction ratio** = $((I-II) / I) * 100$

Table 2: Turkey 's Exports the College And to Iraq For The Period 2005-2017 (\$ million)

the year	Total Exports (1)	Growth % (2)	Exports to Iraq (3)	Growth % (4)	Percentage of exports to Iraq \ Total (3/1) (5)	The difference between 4-2 (6)
2005	73476		2750		3.7	
2006	85525	16.4	2994	8.9	3.5	7.5
2007	107272	25.4	3433	14.7	3.2	-10.7
2008	132027	23.1	3917	14	3.0	9.1
2009	102143	-22.6	5123	30.8	5.0	53.4
2010	113883	11.5	6036	17.8	5.3	6.3
2011	134907	18.5	8310	37.7	6.2	19.2
2012	152422	13	10822	30.2	7.1	17.2
2013	151803	-0.4	11949	10.4	7.9	10.8
2014	157610	3.8	10888	8.9	6.9	-12.7
2015	143839	8.7	8550	21.5	5.9	-12.8
2016	142530	-0.9	7637	-10.7	5.4	9.8
2017	156993	10	9055	18.6	3.7	8.6

References : www.turkstat.gov.tr

Columns (2, 4, 5 and 6) of Action Researchers

Table 3: The Foreign Exchange Rate Against the Iranian Riyal and the Reduction Rate for The Period 2005-2018

the year	Exchange Rate (SR / USD) (1)	Reduction ratio % (2)	the year	Exchange Rate (SR / USD) (1)	Reduction ratio % (2)
2004	8613	-	2012	12260	9.8
2005	8963	4.1	2013	24774	-102.1
2006	9170	2.3	2014	27138	9.5
2007	9281	1.2	2015	30130	-11.0
2008	9428	1.6	2016	32375	7.5
2009	9984	5.9	2017	36064	11.4
2010	10353	3.7	2018	42000	16.5
2011	11164	7.8			

Reference: Central Bank of Islamic Republic of Iran, Data Base, Various Numbers

Table 4: Iran 's Exports the College and to Iraq for The Period 2005-2017 (\$ million)

the year	Total exports (1)	Growth rate (2)	Exports to Iraq (3)	Growth rate (4)	Exports to Iraq / Total (3/1) (5)	The difference between 4-2 (6)
2004	6847	-	369	-	-	-
2005	10474	53.0	1224	231.7	11.7	178.7
2006	12996	24.1	1792	46.4	13.8	22.3
2007	15312	17.8	1842	2.8	12.1	-15.0
2008	18334	19.7	2762	49.9	15.1	30.2
2009	21892	19.4	4560	65.1	20.8	45.7
2010	26551	21.3	4539	-0.5	17.1	-21.8
2011	33819	27.4	5179	14.1	15.3	13.3
2012	32567	3.7	6337	22.4	19.5	26.1
2013	31552	3.1	6029	4.9	19.1	1.8
2014	36555	15.9	6485	7.6	17.7	8.3
2015	42429	16.1	6225	4.1	14.7	20.2
2016	44042	3.8	6132	1.5	13.9	5.3

Reference: Central bank of Islamic Republic of Iran

Columns (2 f 4 And 6) of Action Researchers

Table 5: Comparison of Turkish and Iranian Exports Towards Iraq Through Duration 2005-2016 (Million Dollars)

the year	Turkish exports to Iraq		Iranian exports to Iraq		Percentage of exports (Turkish to Iraq) to (Iranian to Iraq) 1/3 (5)	the difference between 4.2 (6)
	Value (1)	Percentage of total (2)	Value (3)	Percentage to total (4)		
2005	2750	3.7	1224	11.7	225	8.0
2006	2994	3.5	1792	13.8	167	10.3
2007	3433	3.2	1842	12.1	186	8.9
2008	3917	3.0	2762	15.1	142	12.1
2009	5123	5.0	4560	20.8	112	15.8
2010	6036	5.3	4539	17.1	133	11.8
2011	8310	6.2	5179	15.3	160	9.1
2012	10822	7.1	6337	19.5	170	12.4
2013	11949	7.9	6029	19.1	198	11.2
2014	10888	6.9	6485	17.7	168	10.8
2015	8550	5.9	6225	14.7	137	8.8
2016	7637	5.4	6132	13.9	125	8.5
2017	9055	3.7	-		-	-

Reference: The tables (2 and 4)

Table 6: The Rates of Reduction of the Dinar by Official and Parallel Prices

the year	Official price (JD / USD)	Discount rate %	Parallel Price (JD / USD)	Discount rate %	the year	Official price (JD / USD)	Discount rate %	Parallel Price (JD / USD)	Discount rate %
1990	0.3125	-	4	-	2004	1460	17	1453	24.948
1991	0.3125	0	10	-150.000	2005	1469	-1	1472	-1.308
1992	0.3125	0	21	-110.000	2006	1467	0	1475	-0.204
1993	0.3125	0	74	-252.381	2007	1255	14	1267	14.102
1994	0.3125	0	456	-516.216	2008	1193	5	1203	5.051
1995	0.3125	0	1674	267.105	2009	1170	2	1182	1.746
1996	0.3125	0	1170	30.108	2010	1170	0	1186	-0.338
1997	0.3125	0	1471	-25.726	2011	1170	0	1196	-0.843
1998	0.3125	0	1620	-10.129	2012	1166	0	1233	-3.094
1999	0.3125	0	1972	-21.728	2013	1166	0	1232	0.081
2000	0.3125	0	1930	2.130	2014	1188	2	1214	1.461
2001	0.3125	0	1929	0.052	2015	1187	0	1247	-2.718
2002	0.3125	0	1957	-1.452	2016	1190	-0	1275	-2.245
2003	1764	-564380	1936	1.073	2017	1190	0	1258	1.333
1990 - 2003							-564380		-38300
2003 - 2017							32.5		35
1990 - 2017							-380700		-31350

Table 7: The Rate of Contributions of the Agricultural and Industrial Sectors

Rate of contribution of the industrial sector	The rate of contribution of the agricultural sector	the years
1.3	25	1968-1979
13.6	14.3	1980-1989
5.6	16.9	1990-2002
2.8	8.2	2003-2017

Reference: was calculated From Before Accredited researchers On Data (Republic of Iraq, Ministry of Planning, Central Statistical Organization, Annual Statistical Group, 1990-2017).

Table 8: Credit cash provided for the sector 's ratio to the gross domestic product for the period (2005-2017)

the year	The ratio										
2005	0.8	2009	2	2010	3.4	2012	4.3	2014	5.8	2016	8.5
2006	1	2008	2	2011	4.4	2013	5.2	2015	6.6	2017	9
2007	1.3										

Reference: Central Bank of Iraq , Statistical site

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